

Highlight your answers Once you have completed the pretest follow the link to check your answers and learn a little bit about WWI.

1. During a battle in WWI, Cher Ami was awarded the Distinguished Service Cross for saving a battalion from artillery. Cher Ami was:

- A. a French schoolgirl
- B. a nurse
- C. a dog
- D. a pigeon

2. When American troops went overseas, they were issued steel helmets after they turned in their campaign hats, which were:

- A. made into felt slippers
- B. given to new recruits
- C. made into bandages
- D. sold to finance the war

3. During WWI, American soldiers were called "Doughboys":

- A. because they were fat
- B. because they liked to eat pastries
- C. after adobe bricks
- D. after a French word meaning "tall"

4. Most of the heavy duty weaponry used in WWI was manufactured in:

- A. the United States and Canada
- B. France and Britain
- C. Spain and Portugal
- D. Italy and Greece

5. In 1918 during WWI, most American soldiers were killed by:

- A. enemy soldiers
- B. traffic accidents
- C. their own soldiers
- D. the flu

6. When Henry Ford, founder of the Ford Motor Company, learned that the army needed ambulances, he:

- A. donated them to the army
- B. sold them at his cost
- C. sold them at full retail price
- D. refused to let the army have them

7. Some people estimate that 90% of all men fighting on the front line in WWI had:

- A. cooties
- B. been wounded
- C. been gassed
- D. typhus

8. Baron Manfred von Richthofen, a German who was the top pilot of WWI, is credited with shooting down 80 planes in less 15 months. His nickname was the :

- A. Red Baron
- B. Red Dragon
- C. Red Devil
- D. Red Knight

9. Germany's flying squadrons were known as:

- A. Luftwaffe
- B. Flying circuses
- C. Golden Eagles
- D. the Black Knights

10. Work clothing for American soldiers was called fatigues. What color were they?

- A. olive
- B. brown
- C. blue
- D. various shades of brown and black

11. Soldiers relied on horses and mules to move equipment and artillery during WWI. For protection, the animals wore:

- A. heavy padding
- B. helmets
- C. gas masks and goggles
- D. combat boots

12. When using the lightweight tank made in France by the Renault company, the second man communicated with the driver by:

- A. radio
- B. sign language
- C. kicking him
- D. written messages

13. In 1914 on Christmas Eve at the front, German and British troops:

- A. serenaded each other
- B. buried the dead
- C. decorated Christmas trees
- D. wished each other a "Happy Christmas"

14. President Woodrow Wilson _____ to help the war effort.

- A. kept sheep on the White House lawn
- B. sold war bonds
- C. joined the army
- D. wrote a patriotic song

15. In 1914, much of the time at the front was spent:

- A. racing and jumping
- B. playing baseball and boxing
- C. watching movies
- D. presenting plays and shows

16. Society women in London would stand on the corner and give _____ to young men who were not wearing uniforms.

- A. recruitment brochures
- B. white feathers
- C. tickets to dances
- D. passes to country clubs

17. Adolf Hitler, who was to become the leader of Nazi Germany many years later, received two Iron Crosses for bravery. He didn't mention these two honors because:

- A. he was too modest
- B. he didn't know he had won them
- C. he felt he deserved three
- D. they were recommended by a Jew

[Click here for answers.](#)