**TOP TEN Things To Know: 7-3, Part 1 Political Revolutions**

1. List the three main causes of the French Revolution.



List the three classes of French society and who belonged to each class.



2. What event does the picture below represent? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



3. What is the name of the machine to the right? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Who was the leader of the Reign of Terror? \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4. Who became the leader of France after the French Revolution?\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_



5. Use your chromebook to research and color Napoleon’s French Empire on the map.

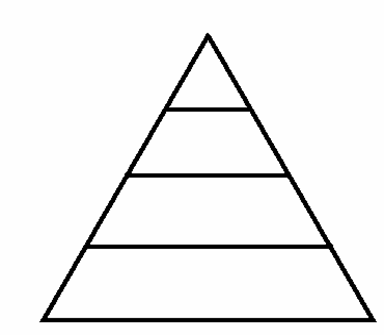
6. **Latin American Revolutions (match leaders and country/continent)**

A. Simon Bolivar \_\_\_\_\_\_ Mexico

B. Toussant L’Overture \_\_\_\_\_\_\_Haiti

C. Miguel Hidalgo \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ South America

7. **Place the following Latin American social classes in order from highest to lowest in the pyramid below**. c*reoles, peninsulares, Africans/Native Americans, mestizos/ mulattos*




* 8. Define Nationalism

9. How did the Napoleonic Wars impact nationalism in Europe?

10. Nationalist movements—Leaders and countries.

A. Otto von Bismark \_\_\_\_unified northern Italy

B. Giuseppe Garabaldi \_\_\_\_unified Germany using “blood and iron”

C. Camillo di Cavour \_\_\_\_unified southern Italy

D. King Victor Emmanuel II \_\_\_\_first leader of unified Italy